

THE COLOSSUS (EL COLOSO)

CLASIFICACIÓN: PRINTS

SERIE: ASSORTED PRINTS (1778-1815)



DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA

Ca. 1810 - 1818

DIMENSIONES

285 x 210 mm

TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE

Burnished aquatint

RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA

Undisputed work

FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN

15 Nov 2010 / 31 May 2023

INVENTARIO

836 225

HISTORIA

See *The Blind Guitarrist*.

There are six known state proofs for this etching, the second of which displays some additional burnishing.

In 1818, in a letter sent to Valentín Carderera, Mariano Goya spoke of "a giant whose [etching] plate was broken" and which was found that same year amongst other works by Goya in a wardrobe, where they had been hidden away.

ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

His back turned to the viewer, the seated giant is shown resting his arm on one knee. He is turning his bearded face over one shoulder, allowing us to see the melancholy, pensive expression it wears. His half-open mouth and the intensity of his gaze convey a certain sensation of anguish. The only spatial reference in this etching is the moon, in the upper right-hand corner, possibly indicating that the giant is waiting for dawn to arrive.

Although at first it was thought that Goya had created this print using mezzotint, it was later concluded that it had actually been done using burnished aquatint.

This print has obvious ties to the painting *The Colossus*. Though the postures of the two figures and the context in which they are represented are clearly different, there can be no doubt that they are depictions of the same character, whose interpretation is not without its complications. It has sometimes been thought that this is a reference to Napoleon, though it has also been suggested that the figure in this etching is an allegorical representation of mankind, waiting for a new day to dawn. If we compare the appearance of the figure in the oil painting of *The Colossus*, in the Prado Museum, and the figure in this print, we might think that Goya has attempted to depict the same character but at two different moments. The giant could be an allegory of Spain itself, rising up against the French in the painting and then, later on, during the reign of Ferdinand VII, looking back with resignation, meditating and questioning the circumstances he finds himself in, without enough strength left to react, weighed down by a strange melancholy. This interpretation does have a certain coherence if we look carefully at the last occasion in which Goya had represented a giant: *Great Colossus Asleep*. In that image, the head of the giant is shown swarming with tiny people, waving a flag of victory from atop the giant's head. We can, therefore, speak of this giant having three different states, ranging from action to absolute passivity.

Experts have proposed various formal sources of inspiration to which Goya could have turned for the realization of this etching. The one with the greatest number of parallels with *The Colossus* is *Saturn* (Metropolitan Museum, New York) by Jacob de Gheyn (Antwerp, 1565–The Hague, 1629). The print shows the colossal figure of Saturn sitting atop a sphere, sleeping with his head resting on one hand and surrounded by the moon and stars. Another possible influence is a print made by the painter Luca Penni, also known as *Romanus* (Florence, 1500–Paris, 1556), which shows Orion carrying the moon on his back.

Yet another figure reminiscent of that in *The Colossus* appears in the work by Henry Fuseli (Zurich, 1741–London, 1825) entitled *Polyphemus Tricked by Ulysses* (1803, private collection, Zurich). In Fuseli's drawing, the pensive expression worn by the very Goya-esque figure of the cyclops is a study in dejection. In both Goya's and Fuseli's visions of a giant we see the intense contrast between immense physical strength and utter spiritual exhaustion.

EXPOSICIONES

Exposición de la obra grabada de Goya
Sociedad Española de Amigos del Arte Madrid 1928
catalogue by Miguel Velasco Aguirre
cat. 49

Francisco de Goya y Lucientes, 1746-1828: retrospective
Musée Jacquemart-André Paris 1961

Goya y el espíritu de la

Grabados y dibujos de Goya en la Biblioteca Nacional
Biblioteca Nacional Madrid 1946
catalogue Elena Páez Ríos
cat. 122

Goya: zeichnungen, radierungen, lithographien
International Tage Ingelheim 1966
exhibition displayed from May 7th to June 5th 1966

Goya grabador

Stora Spanska Mästare
Nationalmuseum Stockholm 1959

Goya. Das Zeitalter der Revolutionen. Kunst um 1800 (1980 – 1981)
Hamburger Kunsthalle Hamburg 1980
cat. 221

Ydioma universal: Goya en la

Goya y el mundo moderno

Ilustración

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from October 6th to December
18th 1988. Exhibited also at
Museum of Fine Arts, Boston,
January 18th to March 26th
1989; The Metropolitan Museum
of Art, Nueva York, May 9th to
July 16th 1989, Madrid curator
Manuela B. Mena Marqués,
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Pérez Sánchez and Eleanor A.
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cat. 117

Goya en tiempos de guerra

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 2008
consultant editor Manuela B.
Mena Marqués, from April 14th
to July 13th 2008
cat. 28

Goya grabador

Fundación Juan March Madrid 1994
consultant editors Alfonso E.
Pérez Sánchez and Julián
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March 20th 1994
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Goya y el Mundo Moderno

Museo de Zaragoza Zaragoza 2008
organized by the Fundación
Goya en Aragón at the Museo de
Zaragoza, consultant editors
Valeriano Bozal and Concepción
Lomba Serrano. From
December 18th 2008 to March
22nd 2009
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Francisco Goya en la

Biblioteca Nacional
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from September 19th to
December 15th 1996
cat. 238

Goya: Order and disorder

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cat. 238

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1918
Blass S.A.

Goya engravings and lithographs, vol. I y II.

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Bruno Cassirer

Vie et ouvre de Francisco de Goya

GASSIER, Pierre y WILSON, Juliet
cat. 985
1970
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Catálogo de las estampas de Goya en la Biblioteca Nacional

SANTIAGO, Elena M. (coordinadora)
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Nacional

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ESTEBAN LORENTE, Juan Francisco
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ENLACES EXTERNOS