HE DESERVED IT (LO MERECIA)

CLASIFICACIÓN: PRINTS

SERIE: DISASTERS OF WAR (PRINTS Y DRAWINGS, 1810-1815) (29/82)



DATOS GENERALES
CRONOLOGÍA
DIMENSIONES
TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE
RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA
FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN
INVENTARIO

Ca. 1810 - 1812 180 x 220 mm Etching, burin, drypoint and burnisher Undisputed work 06 Dec 2010 / 16 Jun 2025 836 225

HISTORIA

SeeSad presentiments of what must come to pass.

The title was handwritten on the print by Goya in the first and only series that is known to have been printed at the time the works were created, which the artist gave to his friend Agustín Ceán Bermúdez. Therefore, the title was etched into the plate at a later date and left unchanged as of the first edition of the Disasters of War printed by the San Fernando Royal Academy of Fine Arts in Madrid in 1863, after the printing of the series in the possession of Ceán Bermúdez.

There is a surviving preparatory drawing for this print which is housed in the Prado Museum.

ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

In He Deserved It two men pull a rope attached to a body - possibly a corpse - which is naked from the waist down. Behind them is a fervent crowd led by a man brandishing a rod in his hand.

Goya depicts the faces of the two men pulling the rope in great detail. One of them looks with compassion at the body they are dragging behind them, while the other concentrates on his task with closed eyes, perhaps in an attempt to avoid thinking about the odious task they are carrying out.

This print may continue the story depicted in the previous print in the series, n° 28, Mob (Populacho). If this is the case, the scene continues here with the dragging of the body that was being beaten in front of the mob in the previous print, a crowd that takes pleasure in the macabre spectacle.

Goya composed the scene based on a diagonal line formed by the two men, the rope, and the body. The figures in the background seem to be given a secondary importance: the one closest to the body is shown against the light, making it impossible to see their face. The faces of those following the body in a morbid procession are sketched in a perfunctory manner, giving them the appearance of masks.

The way Goya has represented the figure in the foreground pulling the rope - the figure that looks back at what may be a corpse with a look of anguish - is striking. His body is totally white, a device that could be interpreted as being employed by the painter to highlight the figure's facial expression. Perhaps this figure, wracked by doubt, tries to justify their action by convincing himself that their victim "deserved it".

While it is true to say that this kind of scene must have been very common during the war, in some cases it has been suggested that this image may be linked to the gathering of the bodies of the French soldiers who fell in Zaragoza on 4 August 1808 and were dragged through the city.

CONSERVACIÓN

The plate is stored in the National Chalcography (cat. 280)

EXPOSICIONES

Francisco de Goya

Museo d'Arte Moderna Lugano 1996 exhibition celebrated from September 22nd to November 17th. cat. 29

Goya. Opera grafica

Pinacoteca del Castello di San Giorgio Legnano 2006 exhibition celebrated from December 16th 2006 to April 1st

2007 p. 65 Francisco Goya. Sein leben im spiegel der graphik. Fuendetodos 1746-1828 Bordeaux. 1746-1996

Galerie Kornfeld Bern 1996

from November 21st 1996 to January 1997

cat. 152

Goya en tiempos de guerra

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 2008 consultant editor Manuela B. Mena Marqués, from April 14th to July 13th 2008 Francisco Goya. Capricci, follie e disastri della guerra

San Donato Milanese 2000

Opere grafiche della Fondazione Antonio Mazzotta

cat. 109

Goya et la modernité

Pinacothèque de Paris París 2013 from October 11st 2013 to March 16th 2014 cat.68

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

Goya, grabador

Los Desastres de la guerra.

Goya engravings and

BERUETE Y MONET, Aureliano de cat. 131 1918 Blass S.A.

Etched by Francisco de Goya y Lucientes

DOGSON, Campbell p. 4 1933 Roxburghe Club

lithographs, vol. I y II. HARRIS, Tomás cat. 149 1964 Bruno Cassirer

Vie et ouvre de Francisco de Goya

GASSIER, Pierre y WILSON, Juliet cat. 1042 1970 Office du livre

Goya. Arte e condizione umana PAZ, Alfredo de

lam. 201 1990

Liguori editore

Catálogo de las estampas de Goya en la Biblioteca Nacional SANTIAGO, Elena M. (coordinadora)

cat. 231 1996

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Nacional

OROPESA, Marisa and RINCÓN GARCÍA, Wilfredo

p. 134 2013

Pinacoteca de París

Goya. In the Norton Simon Museum

WILSON BAREAU, Juliet pp. 114-151 Norton Simon Museum

ENLACES EXTERNOS